

# The role of a data protection officer

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"I had six honest serving men –
they taught me all I knew;
their names were Where and
What and Why,
and When and How and Who."

Rudyard Kipling (1865 – 1936)





- Why?...do you need a DPO?
- Who?...needs to have a DPO?
- When?...do you need to appoint a DPO?
- What?...are the duties of a DPO?
- Where?...do they sit in the organisation?
- How?...do I comply if I am a small business?



# WHY?







## 2 LOCAL LAWS:

Data Protection (Jersey)

Law 2018 > Article 24

Data Protection Authority(Jersey) Law 2018



### Not just because the law says so...

- Transparency
- Accountability
- Responsibility
- Culture of compliance
- Opportunity
- Not a new concept!





# NHO needs to have a DPO?



**CONTROLLER** 



**PROCESSOR** 



# WHEN

do you need to appoint a DPO?









## **'Public Authority'**

- Article 1 Data Protection (Jersey) Law 2018
- The States Assembly (including the States Greffe);
- A Minister;
- A committee or body established by a resolution of the States or by, or in accordance with, standing orders of the States Assembly;
- An administration of the States (ie. any States Department);
- The Bailiff's department, Law Officers Department, Viscounts Department, Judicial Greffe and staff within those departments;
- Any court or tribunal;



# **'Public Authority' (continued)**

- The States of Jersey Police;
- A Parish;
- The holder of a public office;
- In relation to any country other than Jersey, any person exercising or performing functions or holding any office similar or comparable to any of the persons described above;
- Any other person or body (whether incorporated or unincorporated) that exercises functions of a public nature.





#### 'Core activities'

- Article 24 Data Protection (Jersey) Law 2018
- Should relate to the primary activities of the organisation.
- The key operations necessary the achieve the organisation's goals.
- Forms an inextricable part of the organisation's processing activity, eg.
  - Hospital processing health data.
  - Security company carrying out surveillance.
- Does not include ancillary functions of the business, eg. Payroll, IT support (GDPR Recital 97).



#### 'Regular and systematic monitoring'

- Ongoing or occurring at particular intervals for a particular period
- Recurring or repeated at fixed times
- Constantly or periodically taking place



- Pre-arranged, organised or methodical
- Taking place as part of a general plan for data collection
- Carried out as part of a strategy.

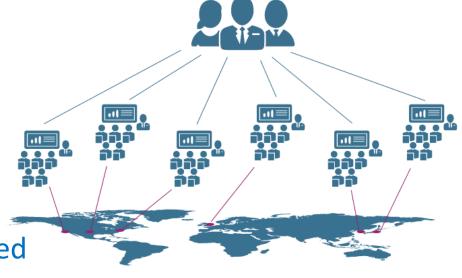




## **Large scale**

Article 1 Data Protection (Jersey) Law 2018

- Means having regard to:
  - Number of data subjects
  - Volume or range of data being processed
  - Duration or permanence of the activity
  - Geographical extent
- Concept of 'large scale' likely to develop over time.
- Appears to exclude certain business 'individuals'!





## 'Special Category Data'

- Article 1 Data Protection (Jersey) Law 2018
  - Racial or ethnic origin
- Political opinions
- Religious or philosophical beliefs
- Trade union membership
- Genetic and biometric data
- Physical or mental health
- Sexual life
- Criminal records or criminal activity (including allegations of)





# WHAT are the duties of a DPO?



#### **Duties of the DPO**

- Article 26 Data Protection (Jersey) Law 2018
- Article 39 GDPR
  - Informing and advising of obligations under the Law;
  - Monitoring compliance with the Law;
  - Providing advice on DPIAs;
  - Co-operating with the Regulator;
  - Point of contact for the Regulator;
  - Point of contact for data subjects
  - Understanding the risks.





# WHERE

do they sit in the organisation?



### **Position of the DPO**

- Article 25 Data Protection (Jersey) Law 2018
- Involved in a proper, timely manner in all DP matters
- Must be adequately resourced
- Access to personal data and processing operations
- Must operate independently
- Cannot be dismissed or penalized for performing their duties
- Must report to the highest management level
- Publicly accessible
- Avoid any conflicts with other duties





#### Resources to be provided to the DPO

- Senior management support
- Time
- Adequate financial resources and equipment
- Access to other services
- Training



### **Skills & Expertise of the DPO**

- Article 24(6) Data Protection (Jersey) Law 2018
- > Article 37(5) GDPR



- Commensurate to the processing operations and protection levels required.
- In-depth knowledge of local, national and European data protection laws.
- Understanding of the business systems and needs.
- Good knowledge of administrative rules and procedures (public authority).
- Integrity and high professional ethics.



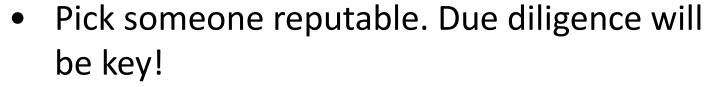
# HOW

do I comply if I am a small business?



### **Outsourcing a DPO**

- Article 24(2-4), Data Protection (Jersey) Law 2018
- > Article 37(2-3) GDPR



- Robust service level/processing contract.
- Each member of the DPO organisation must be able to fulfil all the requirements of a DPO.
- The same rules of protection around the
   outsourced DPO apply.
  - Easily accessible for staff, customers and the Regulator.





### 6 DPO myths

1. Every organisation must appoint a DPO TITEL



2. DPOs are personally liable for data breaches [MYT]



3. You'll have to employ a new person to be your DPO TYTI



4. Organisations with less than 250 staff do not need a DPO



5. DPOs must wear a uniform so everyone knows who they are











# KEEP CALM AND CALL YOUR DATA PROTECTION OFFICER



# Thank you

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